

WHOLE FOODS MARKET, INC.

Corporate Governance Principles, Board of Directors' Mission Statement & Role Definition

Effective November 4, 2014

1. Role and Composition of the Board of Directors.

1.1. Role of the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors is elected by the shareholders to oversee the management of the Company and its business. In so doing, the Board of Directors should be guided by what it considers to be in the best long-term interests of the Company's shareholders and other stakeholders.

1.2. Interaction. Sound governance requires effective interaction among the Board of Directors, management, the external auditors and the internal auditors. This interaction should occur both formally and informally throughout the year.

1.3. Responsibilities. The major areas of the Board of Directors' responsibility are monitoring management's operation of the Company's business, overseeing the Company's business strategy, and monitoring risks and the Company's control systems. The Board of Directors performs the following specific functions, among others:

- o Engaging one or more CEOs to manage the Company, monitoring the performance of the CEOs, and approving each of the CEO's compensation;
- o Overseeing the integrity of the financial statements and the Company's financial reporting processes, the adequacy of the Company's internal controls and the Company's risk management process;
- o Reviewing and monitoring a management succession plan;
- o Reviewing and approving the compensation of executive officers other than the CEOs;
- o Reviewing and approving significant corporate actions and advising management on significant issues;
- o Nominating directors, appointing committee members and shaping effective corporate governance;
- o Assessing the performance of the Board of Directors and its committees;
- o Reviewing the Company's long-term strategy and approving annual operating and capital expenditure plans;

- o Overseeing legal and ethical compliance; and
- o Exercising sound judgment and taking timely action in crisis situations.

1.4. Independence. The Board of Directors currently has eleven members. The majority of the members of the Board of Directors are independent directors. An independent director is one who meets the NASDAQ Market Place Rules (“NASDAQ”) definition of “independent director.” This independence should be in both fact and appearance so as to promote arms-length oversight. The Board makes an affirmative determination regarding the independence of each director annually, based upon the recommendation of the Nominating and Governance Committee.

1.5. Director Qualifications. The Nominating and Governance Committee is responsible for reviewing annually with the Board of Directors the qualifications for membership on the Board of Directors. The Board believes that it is in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders to identify and select highly-qualified candidates to serve as directors and for the Board of Directors to be comprised of a diverse group of individuals with different backgrounds and perspectives. The Nominating and Governance Committee reviews director candidates in light of the Board membership qualifications and recommends candidates to the Board for election by the Company’s shareholders at the annual meeting. The Committee considers nominations by Company shareholders that recommend candidates for election to the Board in compliance with the procedures described in the Company’s proxy statement. The Committee also recommends candidates for appointment by the Board as necessary to fill vacancies and newly created directorships. All nominations or appointments of new directors must be approved by a majority of the independent directors.

The Company is committed to a policy of inclusiveness, and as such, in performing its responsibilities to review director candidates and recommend candidates to the Board for election, the Nominating and Governance Committee should:

- o Ensure that candidates with a diversity of ethnicity and gender are included in each pool of candidates from which Board nominees are chosen;
- o Seek diverse candidates by ensuring director searches include nominees from both non-executive corporate positions and non-traditional environments; and
- o Review periodically the composition of the Board to ensure it reflects the knowledge, experience, skills, and diversity required for the Board to fulfill its duties.

1.6. Leadership; Chairman of the Board. The independent members of the Board of Directors will annually appoint a Chairman of the Board (“Chairman”). The primary responsibilities of the Chairman are as follows:

- o To preside over the annual shareholder meeting;

- o To act as a liaison between the CEOs and the Board of Directors and facilitate communication between meetings;
- o To lead the annual performance review of each of the CEOs;
- o To lead the full Board of Directors in an annual review of the performance and effectiveness of the Board and its committees;
- o To work with the members of senior management to set the agenda for the Board of Directors' meetings;
- o To facilitate the Board of Directors' input into the agenda for the Board of Directors' meetings;
- o To act as chair of regular and special meetings of the Board of Directors; and
- o To act as chair of the executive sessions of the independent directors.

1.7. **Change in Principal Occupation.** When a director's principal occupation or business association changes substantially during the director's tenure on the Board of Directors, the director must promptly notify the Nominating and Governance Committee. The Committee evaluates the propriety of continued service on the Board of Directors and recommends to the Board of Directors the action, if any, to be taken with respect to the notice.

1.8. **Service on Other Boards.** Directors are encouraged to limit the number of other boards on which they serve so as not to interfere with their service as a director of the Company. Directors should also advise the chair of the Nominating and Governance Committee in advance of accepting an invitation to serve on another public corporate board or prior to investing in or joining the board of any other company which might violate the Company's conflicts of interest policy. The Chairman of the Nominating and Governance Committee, in turn, should advise the Chairman with respect to such matters.

1.9. **Retirement.** In determining whether to nominate any individual director for re-election or to recommend such director's retirement, the Board of Directors will annually review and evaluate the ongoing contribution of such director to the overall effectiveness of the board as a whole.

2. Board of Directors' Meetings and Communications.

2.1. **Meetings.** In discharging its fiduciary responsibility to the shareholders of the Company, the Board of Directors meets as necessary, but no less than five times a year.

2.2. **Agendas.** The Chairman or his designee, working together with each of the CEOs or their respective designees, with input from other directors, will set the agenda for each Board of Directors meeting. However, the Chairman shall have final approval of the agenda for all regular and special meetings of the Board of Directors (including the meeting schedule to assure sufficient time for discussion of all agenda items), as well as, final approval of

information sent to the Board of Directors for each such regular and special meeting. Directors are encouraged to suggest the inclusion of items on the agenda. Directors are also free to raise subjects at a Board of Directors meeting that are not on the agenda for that meeting.

2.3. **Distribution of Board Materials.** Materials related to agenda items generally are distributed one week prior to each Board meeting, unless timing or the sensitivity of information dictates that information be presented only at a meeting.

2.4. **Executive Sessions of Independent Directors.** The independent directors meet regularly in executive sessions at which only independent directors are present. The Chairman presides at meetings in executive sessions and may call such a meeting.

2.5. **Access to Management.** The Board of Directors should have open access to the information and personnel it needs to perform its duties. Regarding communication and the relationship between the Board of Directors and management, it is crucial that an atmosphere of courtesy and respect exist. Feedback between the Board of Directors and management should be given freely, without hesitation, and received in a constructive spirit.

2.6. **Communications from Management.** The Board of Directors shall be notified immediately upon (a) receipt of any communication from the SEC, IRS or any regulatory agency outside of the normal course of business (b) notice of any significant pending or threatened litigation or (c) the occurrence of any other situation which might result in a significant loss or other exposure to the Company. The Board of Directors shall also be consulted in advance of the initiation or settlement of any material litigation and or any material action outside the normal course of business.

2.7. **Access to Outside Advisors.** The Board of Directors has the authority to retain such outside counsel, experts and other advisors as it determines appropriate to assist it in the performance of its functions. Each of the Audit, Nominating and Governance, and Compensation Committees has similar authority to retain outside advisors as it determines appropriate to assist it in the performance of its functions.

2.8. **Chairman Access.** The Chairman shall be reasonably available to speak with Company shareholders owning 5% or more of the Company's stock.

3. Committees.

3.1. **Number, Structure and Independence of Committees.** The Board of Directors has three standing committees, an Audit Committee, a Compensation Committee and a Nominating and Governance Committee. These Committees consist solely of independent Directors. In addition, members of the Audit Committee must meet additional, heightened independence criteria applicable to audit committee members under NASDAQ rules. The Board of Directors may also establish and maintain other committees from time to time as it deems necessary and appropriate.

3.2. **Assignment of Committee Members.** Committee members and chairs are recommended to the Board of Directors by the Nominating and Governance Committee and appointed by the full Board of Directors.

3.3. **Responsibilities.** Each standing committee operates under a written charter that sets forth the purposes and responsibilities of the committee and qualifications for committee membership. Each standing committee assesses the adequacy of its charter annually and recommends changes to the Board of Directors as appropriate. All committees report regularly to the full Board of Directors with respect to their activities.

3.4. **Meetings and Agendas.** The chairperson of each committee, in consultation with other directors and management as appropriate, determines the frequency, length and agenda of the committee's meetings. Materials related to agenda items are provided to committee members sufficiently in advance of meetings to allow the members to review and prepare for discussion of the items at the meeting.

4. Director Compensation; Stock Ownership Guidelines. The Compensation Committee annually reviews the compensation of directors. Director compensation is set by the Board of Directors based upon the recommendation of the Committee. Non-management directors receive a combination of cash and equity compensation for service on the Board of Directors. Management directors do not receive additional compensation for service on the Board of Directors. The Company encourages each Director to maintain a stock ownership investment in the Company equal to one times the estimated cash compensation received by each such Director for the first full year of service on the Board of Directors. The Board recognizes that a new Director may not be able to accumulate this investment immediately and recommends that the ownership position be established gradually over the first three years of service on the Board. Additionally, due to fluctuation in stock price, once a Director has met this investment standard, he/she shall be presumed to be in compliance with this Policy so long as he/she holds the lowest number of shares held while actually in compliance. In essence, subsequent increases in the Company's stock price or increases in Director cash compensation shall not require further stock purchases by the Director.

5. Succession Planning. The Board of Directors is responsible for reviewing succession plans for each of the CEO positions as well as certain other senior management positions in accordance with the Whole Foods Chief Executive Officer Succession Policy.

6. Evaluation of the CEOs. The Board is responsible for reviewing annual and long-term performance goals for each of the CEOs and evaluating the applicable CEO's performance against those goals. Both the goals and the evaluation are submitted for consideration by the independent directors meeting in executive session. The results of the evaluation are shared with the applicable CEO and used by the Compensation Committee in considering the applicable CEO's compensation, which is approved by the independent directors meeting in executive session.

7. Director Orientation and Continuing Education. The Company has an orientation process for directors that is designed to familiarize new directors with the Company's business, operations, finances, and governance practices. The Board of Directors also encourages each director to participate in educational programs at a reasonable cost to the Company, provided each director seeks advanced approval for cost reimbursement from the Chairman.

8. Annual Performance Evaluations. The Board of Directors conducts an annual evaluation to assess the effectiveness of the Board, its committees, and individual directors. The Nominating and Governance Committee is responsible for administering the processes for conducting evaluations and for reviewing the results of the evaluations with the Board of Directors.